

ROME & BRUSSELS

Brussels and Rome are just two suggestions for a tour combining politics with history and culture.

BRUSSELS

Combine a Politics visit with the sites of Brussels and nearby Bruges.

A visit to the European Parliament and European Commission has to be arranged directly by the school either through the Visitor's Service (contact details can be provided by us) or through the school's local MEP.

To assist with an understanding of the EC visit Mini-Europe giving an exciting tour of the main sites in miniature of all the participant countries including the newcomers. There is a very active Educational Department providing resources and an interactive exhibition called 'Spirit of Europe'. Mini-Europe is part of Bruparck to the north of Brussels and other activities that can be found on the site are Oceade, a subtropical aqua park with giant slides and a wave pool, the Atomium and the Brussels Planetarium. Next to Bruparck is the King Baudouin Stadium (Heysel) and there are behind-the-scenes tours of the stadium.

Bruges is only an hour's coach ride away and is a beautiful city to visit.

Your visit will include return EuroTunnel crossing, return coach travel from school and use of the coach whilst away, three nights full board accommodation in a youth hostel, a visit to Mini-Europe and a day in Bruges.

ROME

A city linked to all periods of history from classical times to the turmoil of WW2. Fly to Rome and take an English speaking guided tour of the city taking in the Colosseum, Forum, St Peters and the Vatican.

If our students are studying Facism and Mussolini the areas of Rome connected with this era are EUR and the Foro Italico. EUR on the southern edge of Rome is a monument to the ambitions of Mussolini and his Facist party. The new suburb was started by Mussolini in 1939 in order to host the 'Esposizione Universale di Roma' in 1942 but the war intervened. The 'square colisseum' is a dramatic building and along the Via Cristoforo Colombo is a classical inspired area lined with square colonnades. The Museo della Civiltà Romana uses replicas and models to create a history of Rome. The Foro Italico is a great sports centre and was originally named the Foro Mussolini, begun in the late 20's and building carried on until 1960, the year of the Olympic Games held in Rome.

For those studying the classical period of Rome there will be more time spent at sites such as the Roman Forum, Trajan's Markets and Forum, the Colosseum, the Palatine Hill and Domus Aurea.

We can tailor make your tour to Rome to suit your exact requirements for your students.

Bruges canal



The Colosseum



Top to Bottom:
Rome Top View,
Sunset in Brussels,
Trevi Fountain, Rome.